

Accounts Payable Management Strategies and Performance Improvement

23 – 27 November 2026
London (UK)

UK Training

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A photograph of chess pieces on a checkered board. In the foreground, a large gold king piece stands prominently. To its left is a smaller silver pawn. Further back and to the left is another silver pawn. The background features concentric circles, suggesting a target or focus.

Accounts Payable Management Strategies and Performance Improvement

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Introduction

Accounts payable is a core component of working capital management because it is directly connected to an organization's obligations to suppliers, the timing of cash flows, continuity of supply, and the accuracy of financial reporting. Effective accounts payable management extends beyond recording invoices and processing payments. It covers a complete cycle that begins with supplier approval and purchase order creation, continues through the receipt of goods or services and document matching, and ends with payment authorization, accounting reconciliation, and record retention.

The Accounts Payable Management Strategies and Performance Improvement course is designed to strengthen participants' ability to manage this cycle efficiently. It focuses on achieving an appropriate balance between preserving liquidity, meeting contractual payment deadlines, capturing available discounts, and maintaining stable relationships with suppliers. The course also addresses performance indicators, internal control measures, fraud risk management, and the handling of overdue, duplicated, disputed, or unmatched invoices.

Effective control over accounts payable is closely linked to working capital management and daily cash flow planning. At the same time, digitalization and electronic invoicing can improve transaction documentation and make data available more quickly and systematically. However, successful digital implementation requires clear data governance, reliable controls, and well-defined procedures.

The course is intended for finance managers, chief accountants, accountants, auditors, treasury staff, procurement professionals, operations personnel, and specialists in internal control, compliance, and risk management. Participants will develop a practical methodology for analyzing the accounts payable cycle, measuring its performance, identifying process bottlenecks, and designing procedures that are more accurate, efficient, and easier to control.

Course Objectives

The Accounts Payable Management Strategies and Performance Improvement course aims to enable participants to manage short-term obligations effectively and improve the related payment and control procedures. By the end of the course, participants will be able to:

The graphic features the text 'UK Training' in a small font above the word 'PARTNER' in a large, bold, black font. The background consists of concentric white circles on a black and white checkered pattern, with three chess pieces (a king, a queen, and a pawn) positioned on the right side.

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- Understand the role of accounts payable within the procurement cycle, working capital management, and cash flow planning.
- Analyze the main stages of the procure-to-pay cycle and define the responsibilities associated with each stage.
- Apply clear procedures for receiving, reviewing, recording, approving, and reconciling invoices.
- Perform matching between purchase orders, receiving documents, and supplier invoices before authorizing payment.
- Classify supplier balances, analyze aging reports, and identify overdue, disputed, or unresolved invoices.
- Prepare payment schedules that consider liquidity, due dates, discounts, and supplier importance.
- Measure accounts payable performance using financial and operational indicators.
- Detect duplicate invoices, inaccurate data, and unauthorized payments.
- Apply segregation-of-duties controls, approval limits, and review procedures before payments are released.
- Manage supplier master data and verify bank accounts, legal information, and supporting records.
- Improve coordination among finance, procurement, treasury, receiving, and requesting departments.
- Resolve differences and disputes with suppliers through documented and structured procedures.
- Use analytics and digital tools to reduce manual work and shorten invoice-processing time.
- Prepare management reports that support cash planning and payment-related decisions.
- Develop a practical improvement plan for the accounts payable cycle based on organizational needs.

Course Outlines

Day One: Accounts Payable Fundamentals and the Procure-to-Pay Cycle

- Understand the concept of accounts payable and its role in current liabilities and working capital management.
- Analyze the relationship among procurement, receiving, accounting, treasury, and supplier management.
- Explain the complete procure-to-pay cycle and identify the inputs and outputs of each stage.
- Distinguish between purchase-order-based invoices and non-purchase-order invoices and understand how each type should be handled.
- Review the key supporting documents, including purchase requisitions, purchase orders, receiving reports, and supplier invoices.
- Define the responsibilities of all parties involved in the cycle and apply the principle of segregation of incompatible duties.
- Map the existing process and identify delays, duplication, inefficiencies, and control weaknesses.

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Day Two: Invoice Processing, Matching, and Supplier Master Data

- Establish standardized procedures for receiving invoices, documenting receipt dates, and verifying completeness.
- Apply two-way and three-way matching among purchase orders, receiving documents, and invoices before recognizing liabilities.
- Resolve differences in quantities, prices, taxes, discounts, and delivery terms through structured procedures.
- Process credit notes, debit notes, advance payments, partial invoices, deductions, and retention amounts.
- Create a unified supplier record and verify legal names, tax numbers, bank details, and contact information.
- Define controls for creating new suppliers, modifying supplier information, and suspending inactive or high-risk vendors.
- Complete an invoice-review exercise to identify missing information, duplicate entries, mismatches, and reasons for payment rejection.

Day Three: Liquidity Management, Payment Scheduling, and Supplier Relations

- Analyze accounts payable aging and classify balances by due date, invoice status, and supplier importance.
- Prepare payment forecasts and link them to cash flow plans, available balances, and other financial obligations.
- Design a payment schedule that balances liquidity preservation with compliance with contractual terms.
- Evaluate the financial value of early-payment discounts compared with the cost of retaining cash.
- Set payment priorities during periods of limited liquidity by using clear and approved criteria.
- Manage supplier inquiries, disputes, and blocked invoices while documenting reasons for delay and actions taken.
- Analyze a cash flow scenario and prepare a payment proposal that protects both operations and supplier relationships.

Day Four: Performance Indicators, Controls, and Fraud Risk Management

- Identify suitable performance indicators, including invoice-processing time, on-time payment rates, and the number of blocked invoices.
- Measure discount capture rates, duplicate invoice rates, and the cost of processing each invoice.
- Analyze the causes of delays, rework, and errors by using operational data and exception reports.
- Apply authorization controls and segregation among preparation, review, approval, payment execution, and reconciliation.
- Detect fraud patterns involving fictitious suppliers, unauthorized bank detail changes, and duplicate invoices.
- Design independent verification procedures before modifying payment data or processing unusual transactions.
- Prepare a concise performance dashboard covering results, risks, exceptions, and required corrective actions.

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Day Five: Accounts Payable Digitalization and Continuous Improvement

- Analyze opportunities to use electronic invoicing, digital approval workflows, and structured document archiving.
- Identify processes suitable for automation, including data entry, matching, alerts, and exception reporting.
- Understand the requirements for data quality and integration among procurement, inventory, accounting, and treasury systems.
- Evaluate the impact of digitalization on processing speed, traceability, control quality, and supplier experience.
- Identify digital transformation risks, including access rights, data security, weak system integration, and excessive system dependence.
- Complete an integrated case study from invoice receipt through payment, reconciliation, and performance measurement.
- Develop an improvement plan covering priorities, responsibilities, indicators, timelines, and monitoring mechanisms.

Why Attend this Course: Wins & Losses!

- Develop a comprehensive understanding of the accounts payable cycle and its relationship with procurement, liquidity, and financial reporting.
- Improve invoice-processing accuracy and reduce returns, corrections, and repeated work.
- Increase the percentage of payments completed on time and reduce penalties and supplier complaints.
- Strengthen cash flow planning and prioritize obligations more effectively.
- Improve the use of early-payment discounts and agreed supplier credit terms.
- Enhance internal controls and reduce the risk of errors and unauthorized payments.
- Build performance indicators and exception reports that support management decisions.
- Improve coordination among accounting, procurement, treasury, receiving, and operational departments.
- Support the transition from manual processing to faster and more traceable digital procedures.
- Apply analysis and improvement tools to realistic situations that can be transferred directly to the workplace.

Conclusion

Accounts payable management has a direct impact on liquidity, the accuracy of financial obligations, supplier relationship stability, and the efficiency of procurement and payment processes. It should therefore be treated as an integrated financial and control function rather than as an administrative activity limited to invoice entry and payment execution.

The Accounts Payable Management Strategies and Performance Improvement course covers the main stages of the procure-to-pay cycle, beginning with supplier creation and purchase order processing. It continues through invoice receipt, verification, matching, and approval, and concludes with payment scheduling, execution, account reconciliation, and record retention. The course does not only help you manage

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exceptions, differences, overdue invoices, duplicate invoices, and supplier disputes through documented procedures.

Performance improvement in this area depends on three main elements. The first is the clarity of procedures, responsibilities, and approval authorities. The second is the quality of data, supporting documents, and integration among departments and systems. The third is the use of measurable indicators that show processing time, on-time payment performance, exception volumes, and the degree to which supplier terms are being used effectively.

Electronic invoicing and automation can improve data organization and accelerate selected processing stages. However, technology cannot compensate for weak policies, poor controls, or unreliable master data. Digital tools deliver better results when they are supported by sound governance, strong access controls, reliable system integration, and clear exception-management procedures.

By the end of the course, participants will have a practical framework for evaluating the accounts payable cycle, identifying weaknesses, and designing corrective actions that can be implemented and monitored. This framework helps organizations improve cash planning, reduce errors and delays, increase record reliability, strengthen control, and achieve a better balance among processing speed, liquidity preservation, and supplier commitments.

A graphic of a chessboard with several chess pieces (a king, a queen, and a pawn) in gold and silver, set against a background of concentric circles.

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